

# Gas flows and chemical evolution in dwarf irregular galaxies

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Star Formation in Dwarf Galaxies  
Flagstaff, 20/06/2012



## A toy model of galaxy formation

# Physical ingredients

Diffuse gas:  $M_{HI}$

Molecular clouds:  
 $M_c$

Stars:  $M_*$

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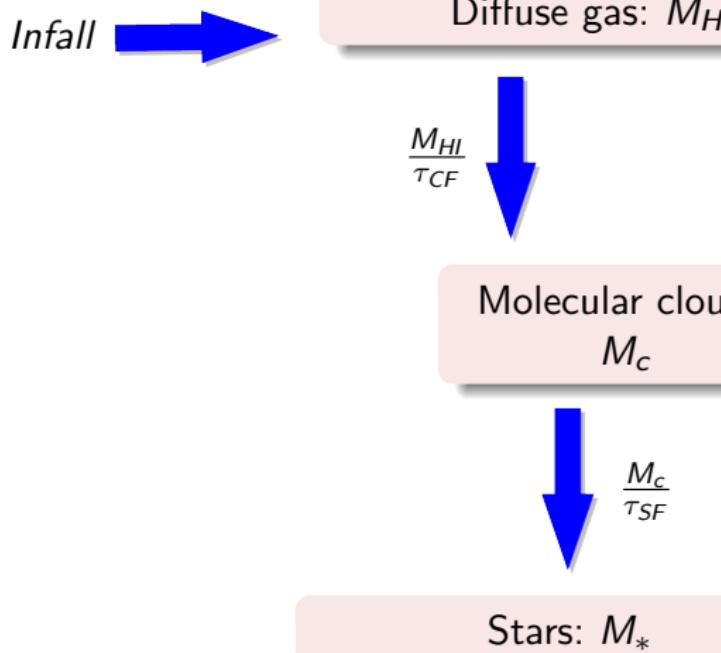
$$\frac{M_{HI}}{\tau_{CF}}$$



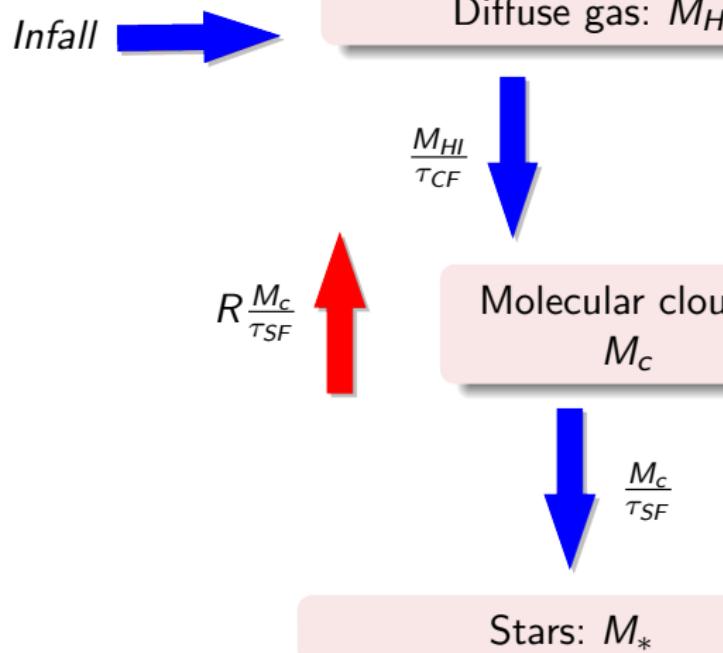
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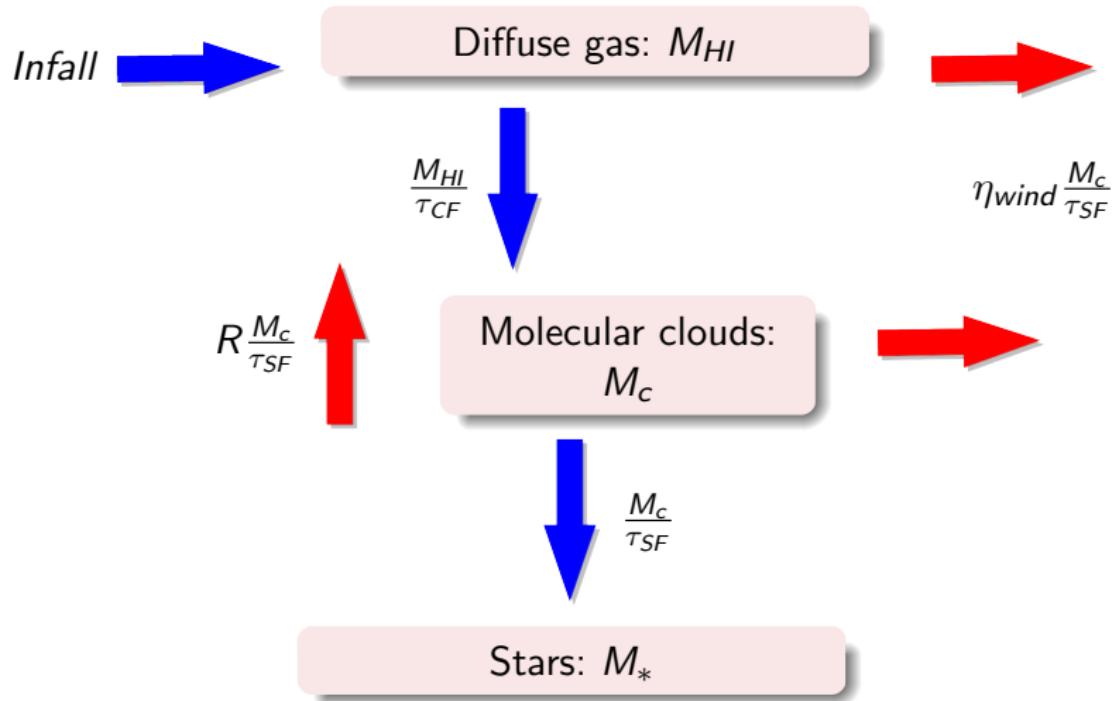
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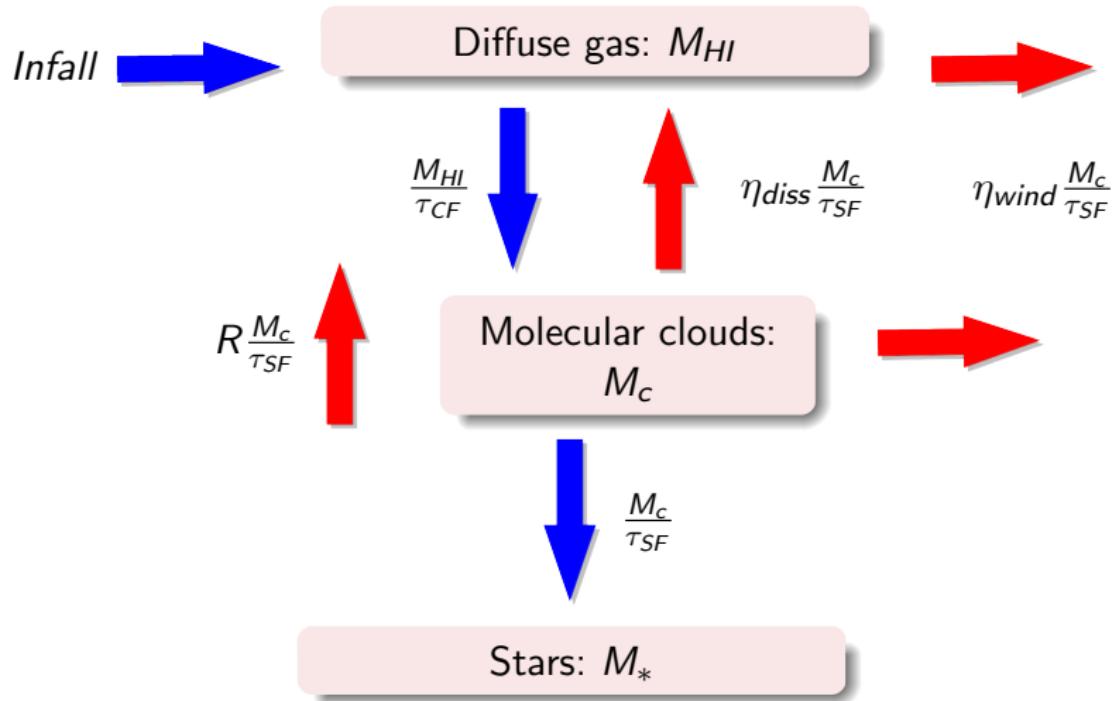
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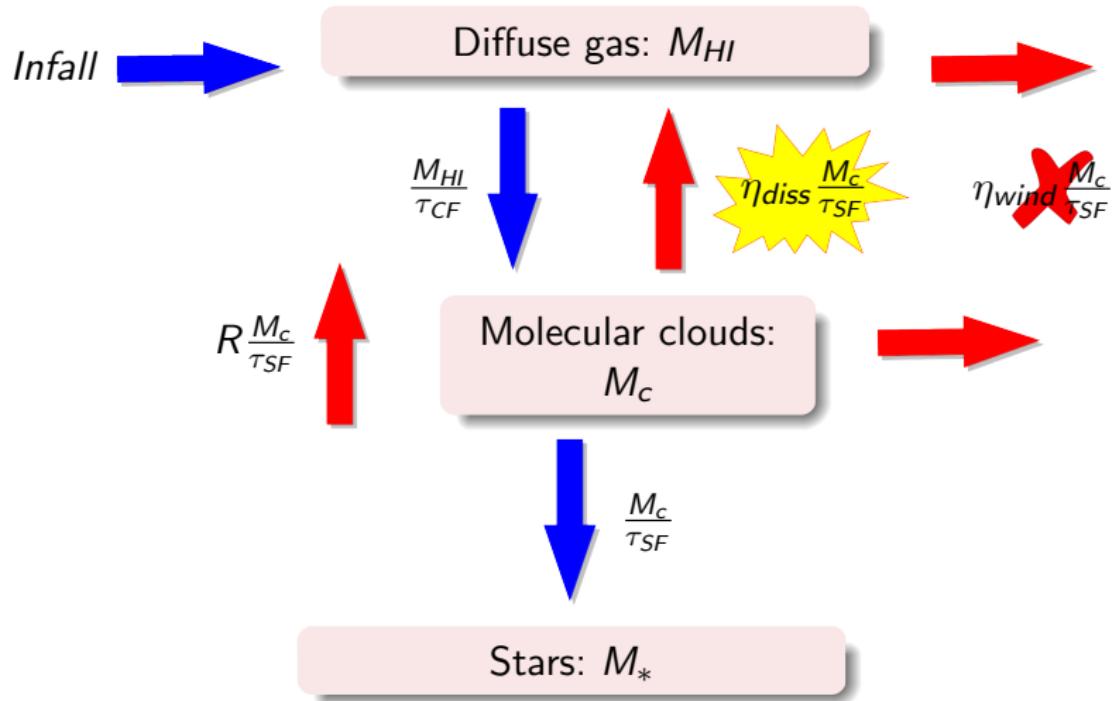
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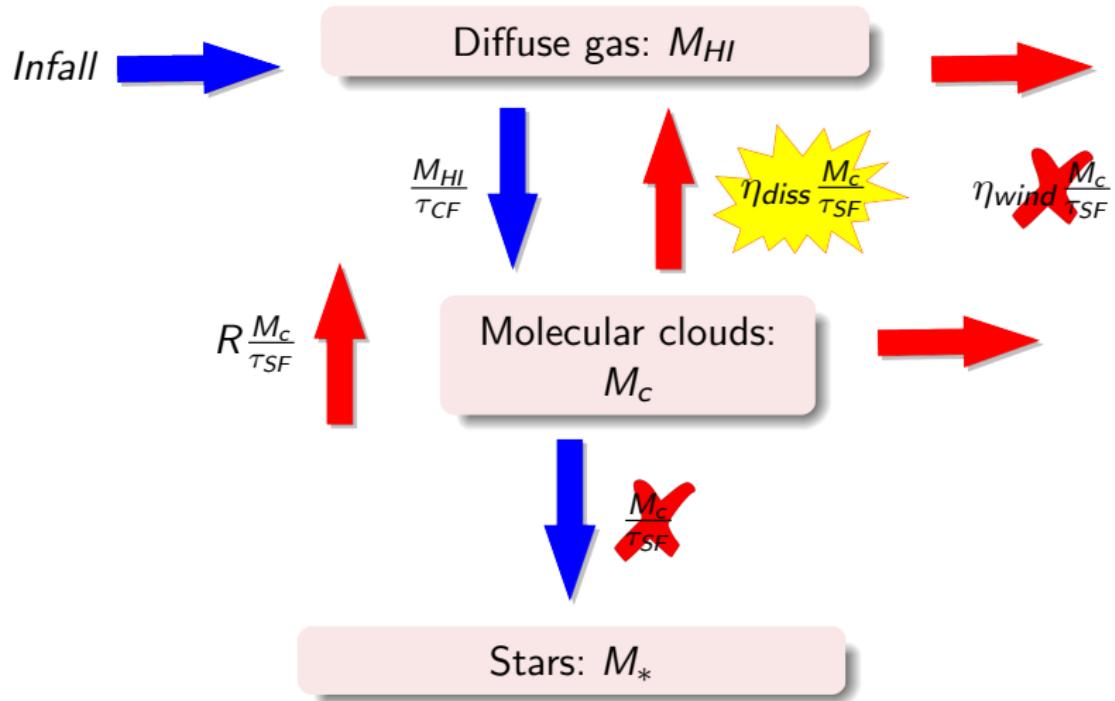
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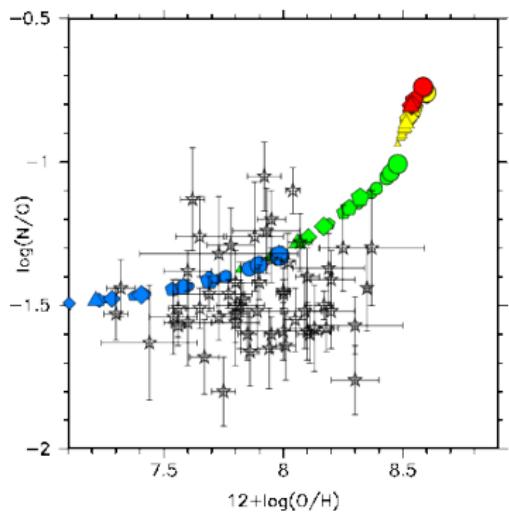




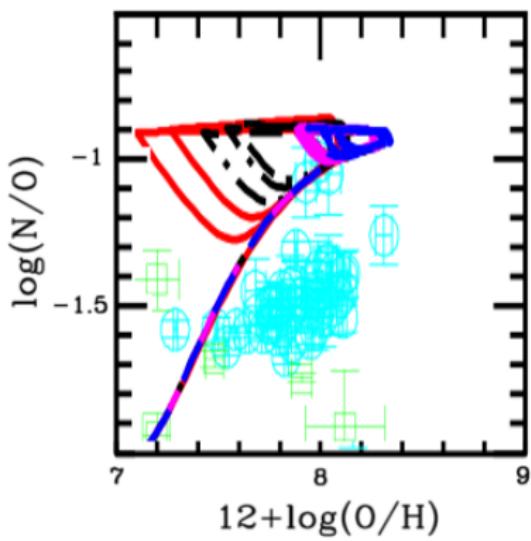
## The (chemical) case for weak winds

# Nitrogen-to-oxygen ratio

$\eta_{wind} = 0$



$\eta_{wind} \sim 2$



# Photodissociation feedback

Gas-rich dwarf galaxies

$$\eta_{wind} \sim 2$$

Gas-poor dwarf galaxies

$$\eta_{wind} \sim 10$$

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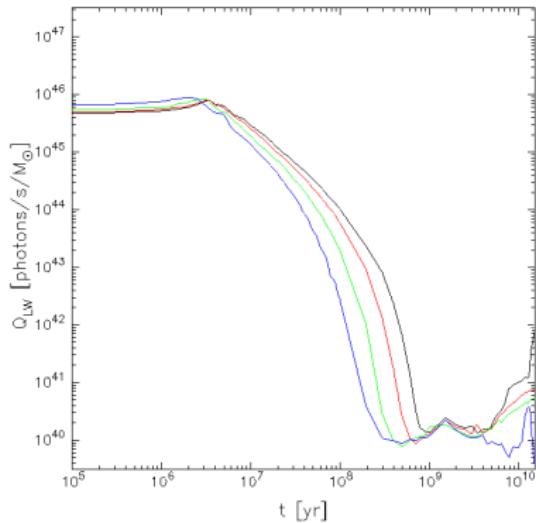
# Photodissociation feedback

Gas-rich dwarf galaxies

$$\eta_{wind} \sim 2$$

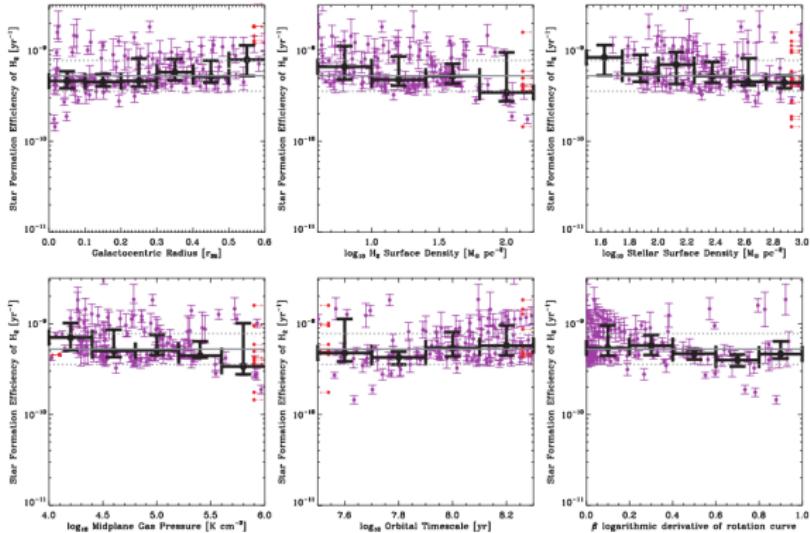
Gas-poor dwarf galaxies

$$\eta_{wind} \sim 10$$



$$\eta_{diss} \sim 300$$

$\tau_{SF} \sim 2$  Gyr



Why is it irrelevant?

# Equations

## Diffuse gas

$$\dot{M}_{HI} = \text{Infall} - \frac{M_{HI}}{\tau_{CF}} + (R + \eta_{diss} - \eta_{wind,HI}) \frac{M_c}{\tau_{SF}}$$

## Molecular clouds

$$\dot{M}_c = \frac{M_{HI}}{\tau_{CF}} - (1 + \eta_{diss} + \eta_{wind,c}) \frac{M_c}{\tau_{SF}}$$

## Stars

$$\dot{M}_* = (1 - R) \frac{M_c}{\tau_{SF}}$$

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# Steady state

## Molecular clouds

$$\dot{M}_c = -\frac{M_c - M_{c,0}}{\tau_{c,0}}$$

$$M_{c,0} \equiv \frac{\tau_{c,0}}{\tau_{CF}} M_{HI}$$

$$\tau_{c,0} \equiv \frac{\tau_{SF}}{1 + \eta_{diss} + \eta_{wind,c}}$$

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$\leq 10$  Myr

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$$\sim \frac{1}{2 n_{dust} R_{dust}} \frac{300}{1} \sim \frac{100 \text{ Gyr}}{\frac{n_H}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \frac{Z}{Z_\odot}}$$



Does it make any sense?

# Model predictions

## Star formation

$$\tau_{HI} \equiv \frac{M_{HI}}{SFR} \sim \frac{100 \text{ Gyr}}{\frac{n_H}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \frac{Z}{Z_\odot}}$$

$$\tau_* \equiv \frac{M_*}{SFR} = \frac{M_*}{M_{HI}} \tau_{HI}$$

## Gas density

- Pressure equilibrium
- Scaling relations

## Metallicity

$$Z \sim y_{\text{eff}} \ln \left( \frac{M_{HI} + M_*}{M_{HI}} \right)$$

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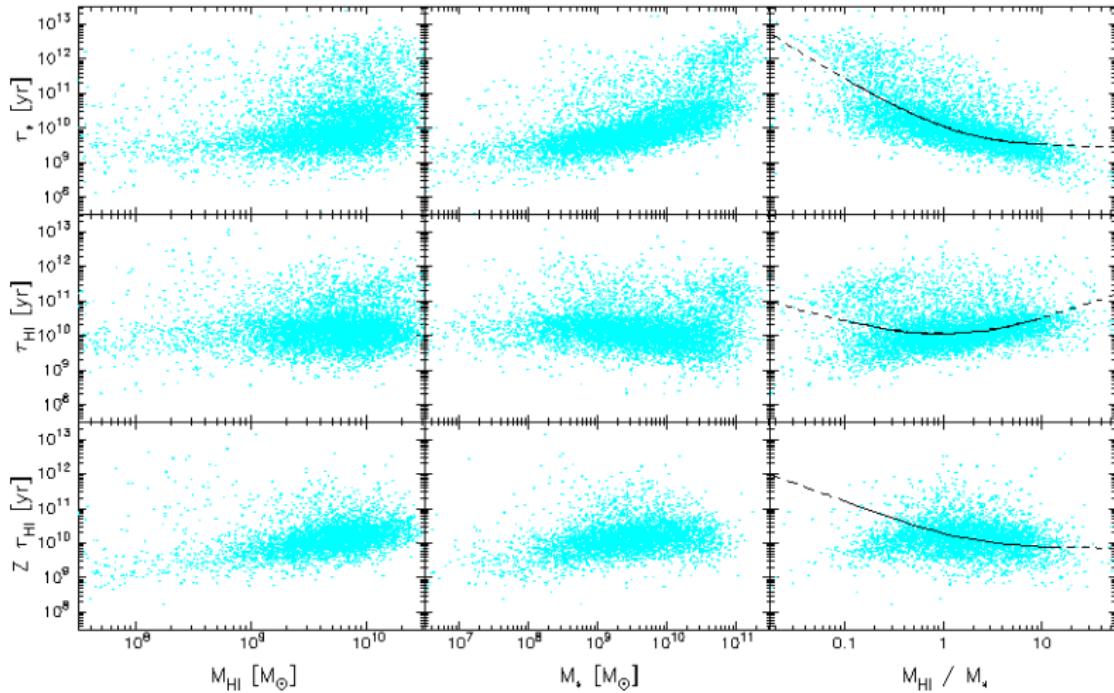
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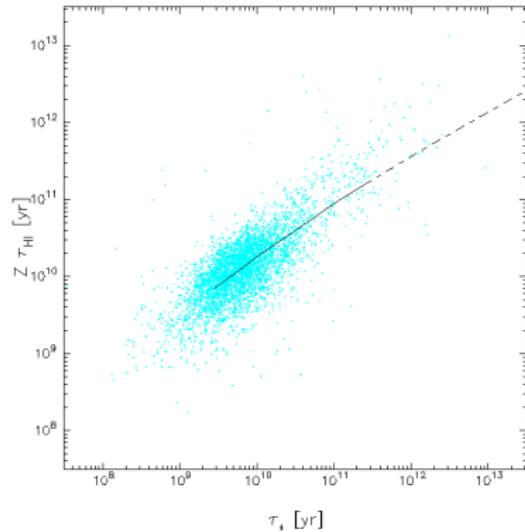
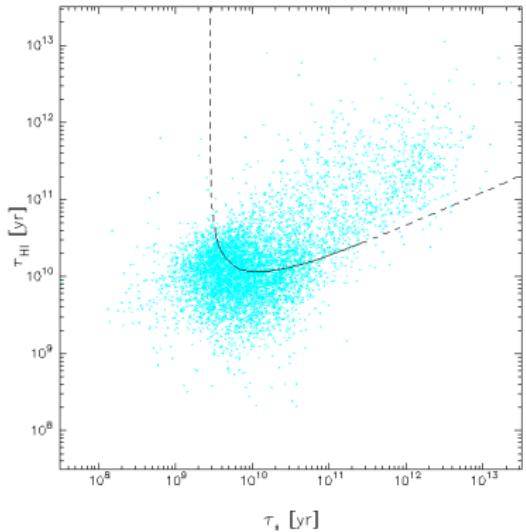
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# Conclusions

## Weak winds?

- N/O ratio
- $\eta_{wind} \ll \eta_{diss}$

## Molecular hydrogen

- $\tau_{HI,0} \sim \frac{100 \text{ Gyr}}{(n_H/\text{cm}^{-3})(Z/Z_\odot)}$
- $\tau_{c,0} \sim 10 \text{ Myr} \Rightarrow \text{steady state}$

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Thank you