

Mass loss as a function of Z



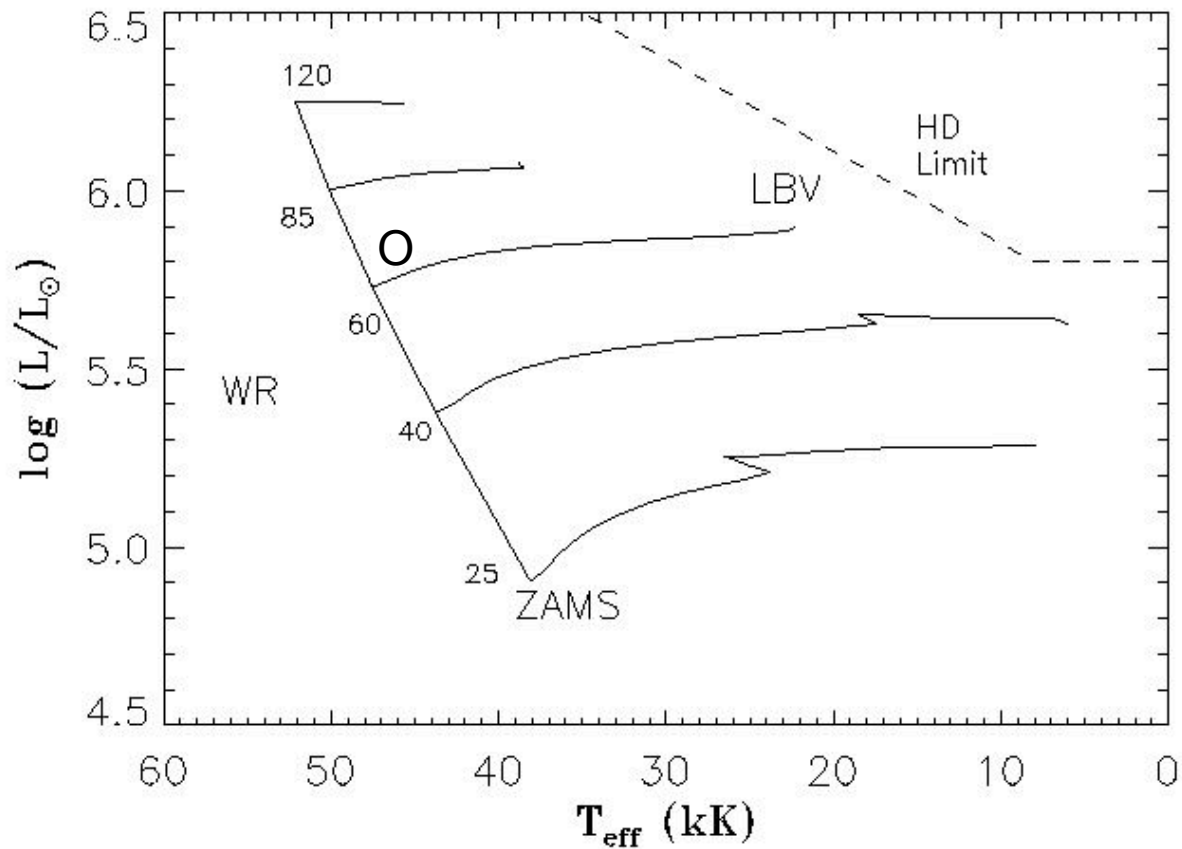
Jorick Vink (Armagh Observatory, UK/Ireland)

Outline

- Intro
- CAK versus Monte Carlo
- O-type winds

- Bi-stability Jump
- Angular momentum loss

Evolution of a Massive Star



Mass Loss

- Peeling off the star

→ O → LBV → WN → WC/WO → BH

(e.g. Conti 1976)

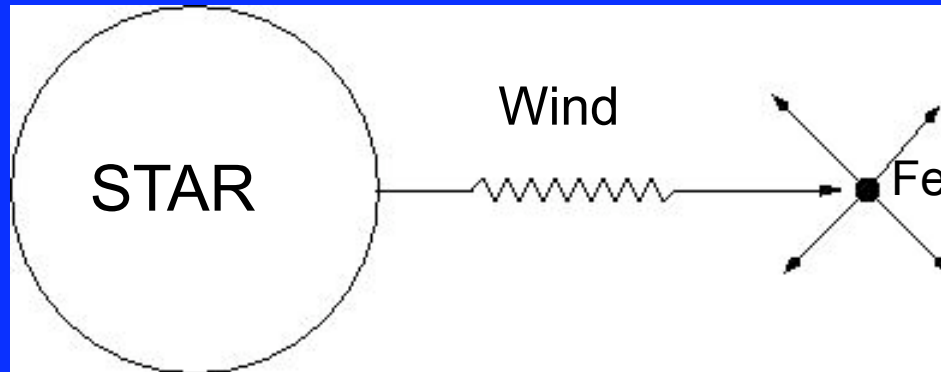
- Removal of angular momentum

(e.g. Langer 1998, Maeder & Meynet 2000)

Radiation-driven wind by Lines

Lucy & Solomon (1970)

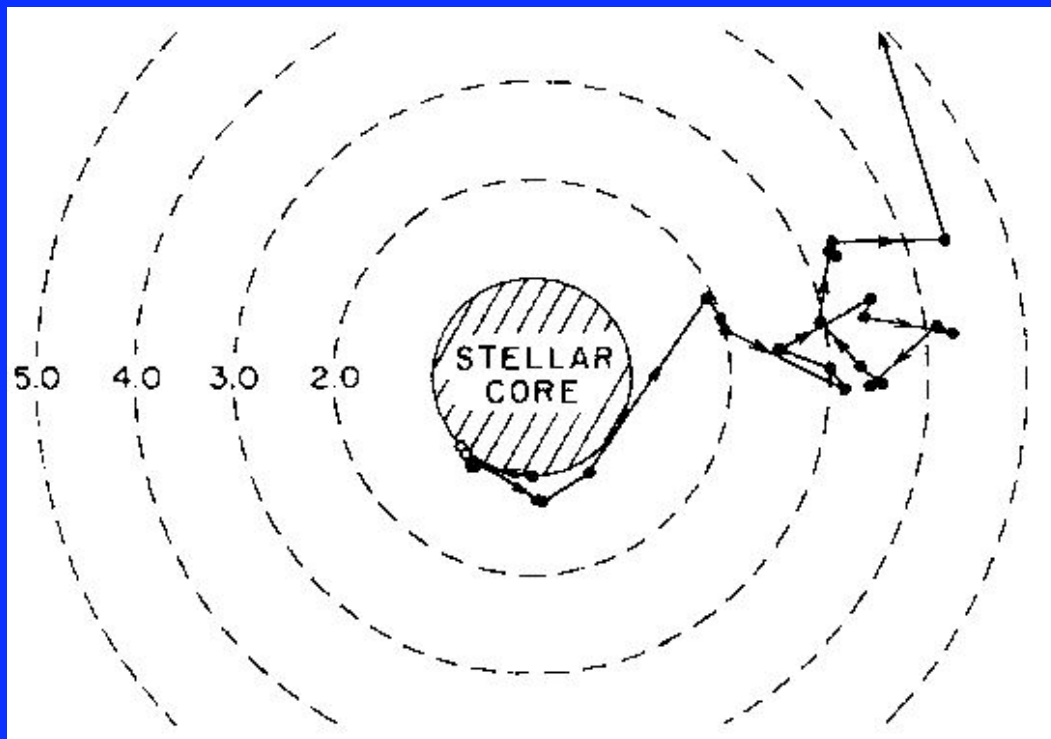
Castor, Abbott & Klein (1975) = CAK



$$dM/dt = f(Z, L, M, T_{\text{eff}})$$

Monte Carlo Approach

Abbott & Lucy (1985)



$$\dot{M} v_{\infty} > \frac{L_*}{c}$$

$$dM/dt = f(Z, L, M, T_{\text{eff}})$$

Two O-star approaches

1. CAK-type

→ Line force approximated

→ $v(r)$ predicted

Pauldrach et al. (1986); Kudritzki (2002)

2. Monte Carlo (Abbott & Lucy)

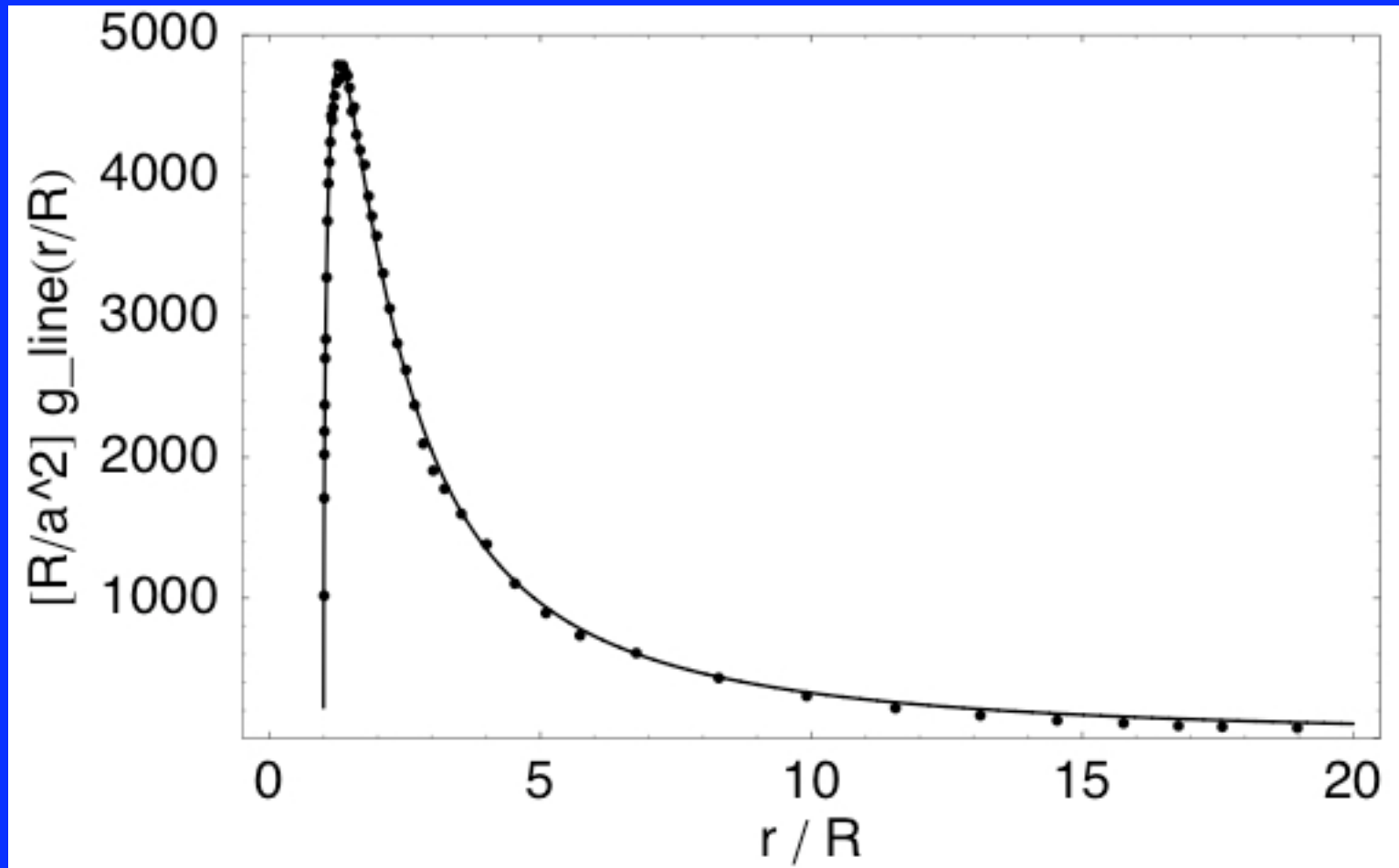
→ $V(r)$ adopted

→ Line force computed – for all radii

→ multiple scatterings included

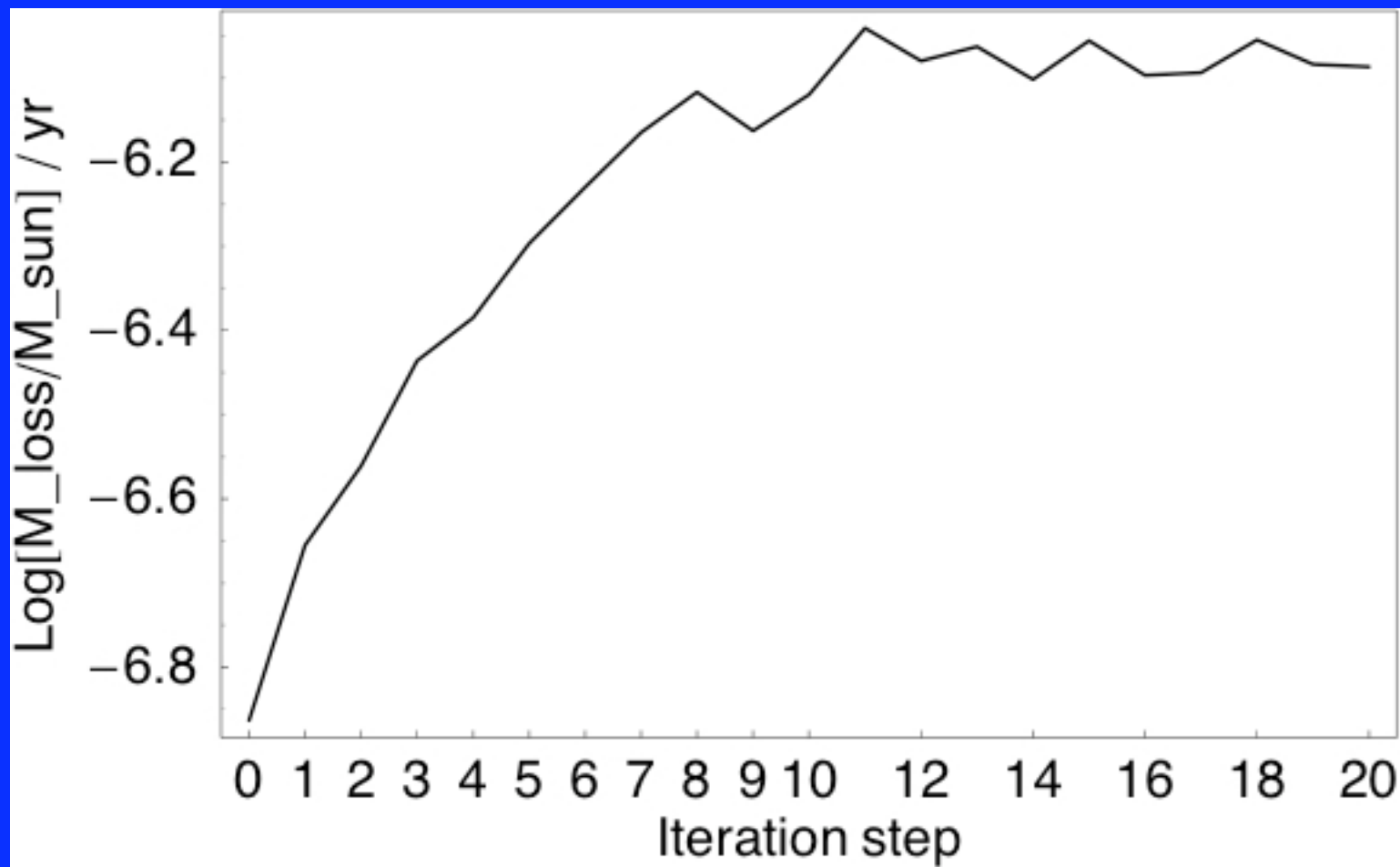
Vink, de Koter & Lamers (2000, 2001)

Line acceleration: $g(r)$



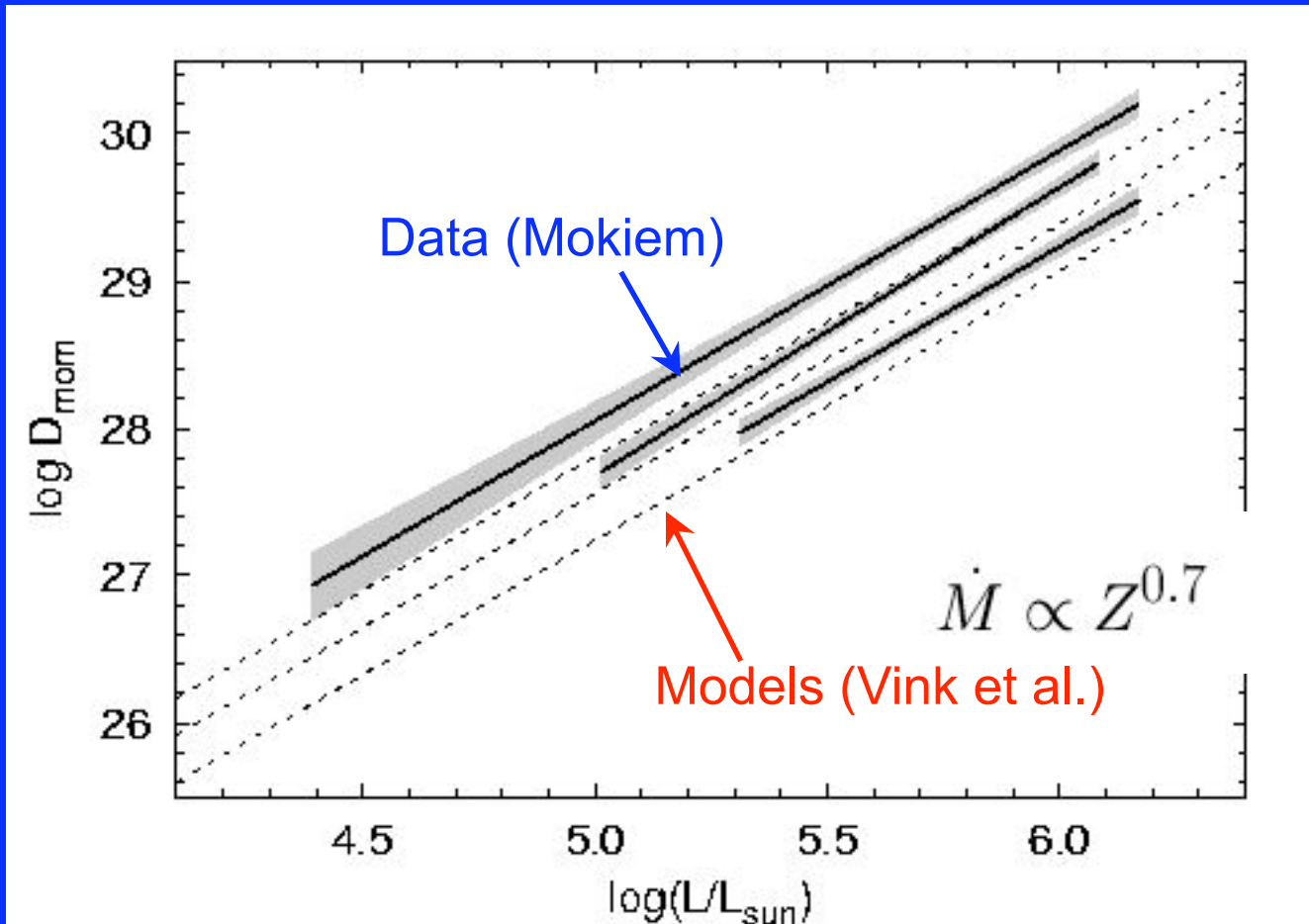
Mueller & Vink (2009)

Mass-loss iteration



Mueller & Vink (2009) - astro-ph 0810.1901

Wind momenta at low Z



Mokiem et al. (2007b)

The Bi-stability Jump

HOT O supergiants

COOL B supergiants

dM/dt

$dM/dt \times 5$

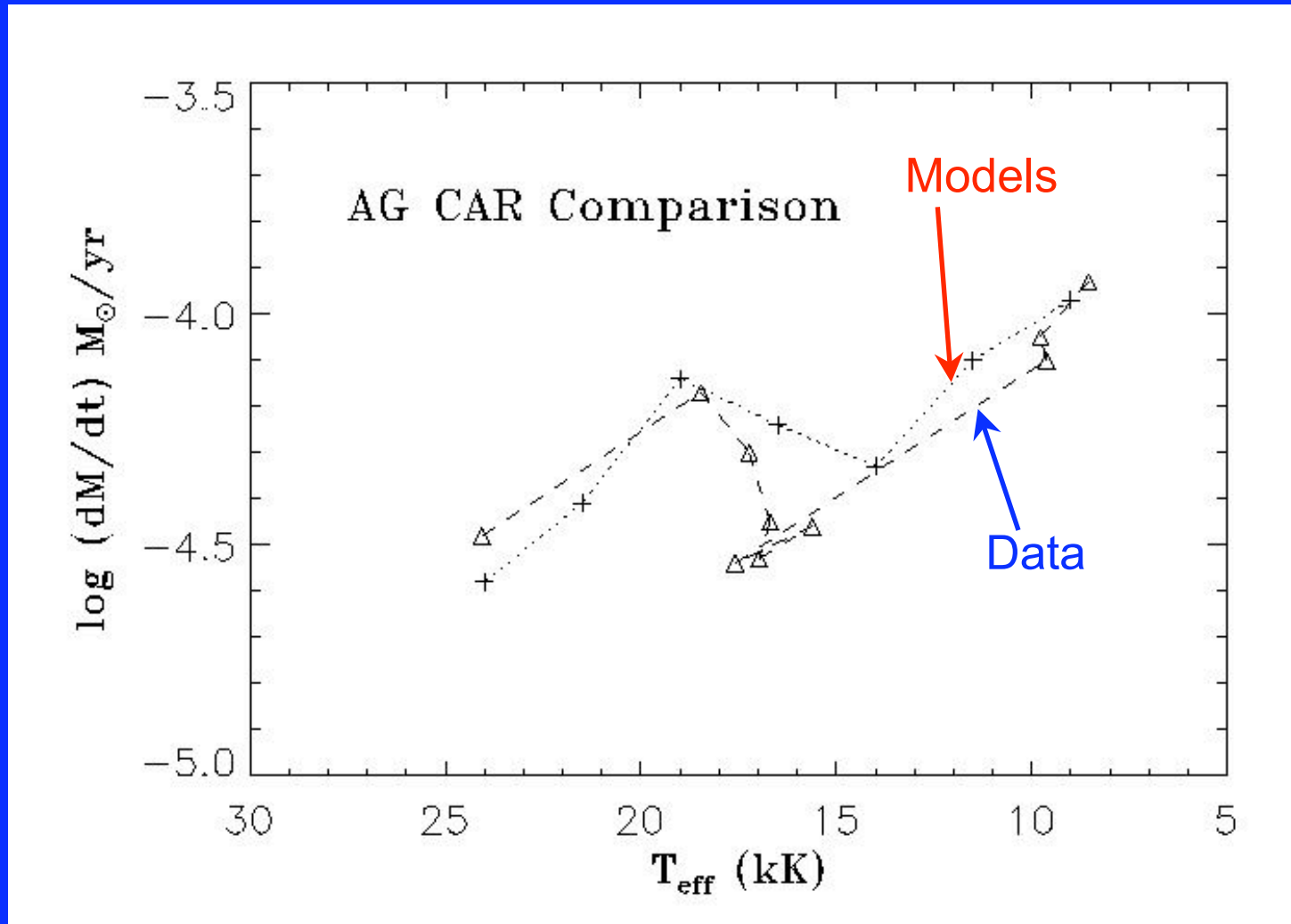
fast wind

slow wind

Fe IV

Fe III

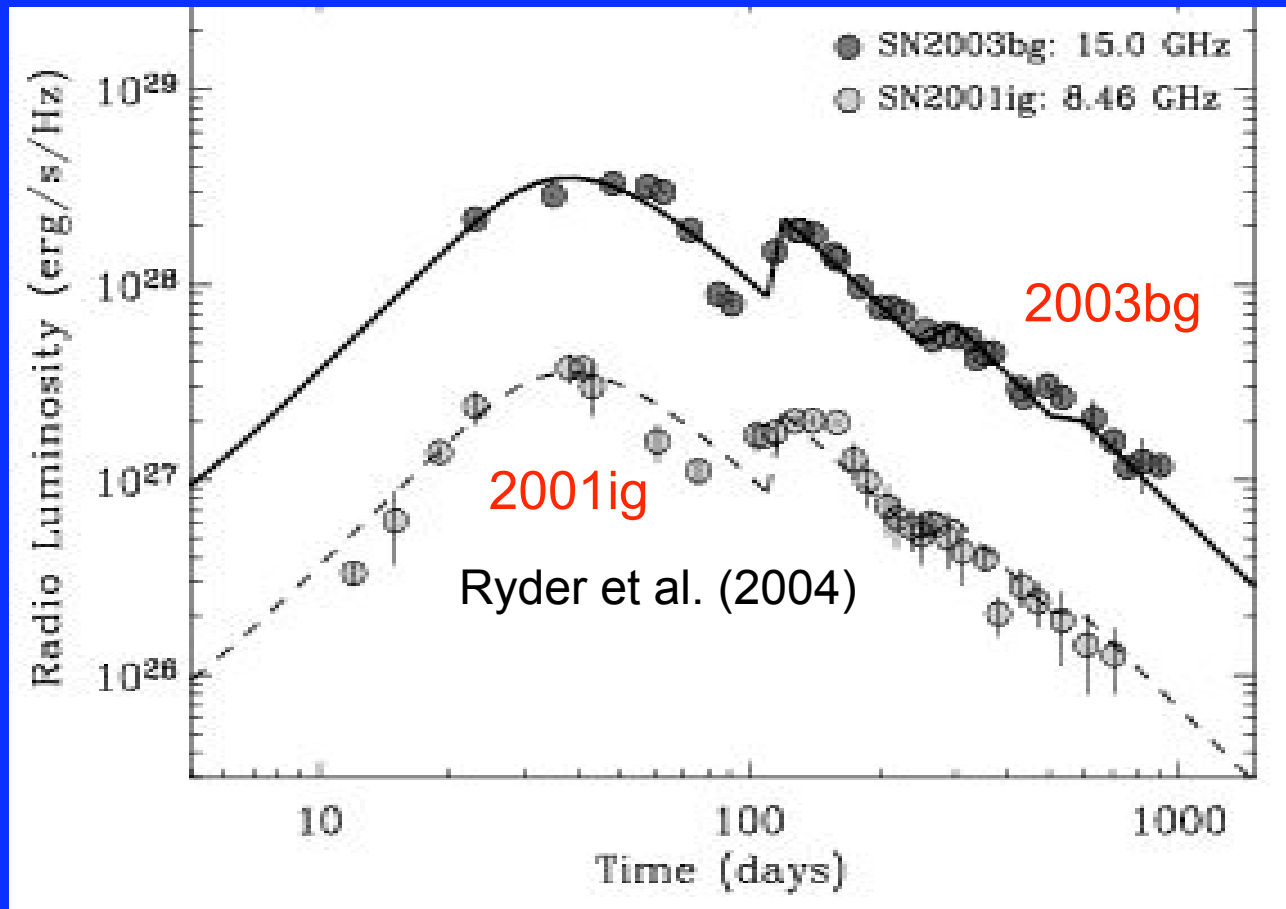
Variable mass loss of LBVs



Stahl et al. (2001)

Vink & de Koter (2002)

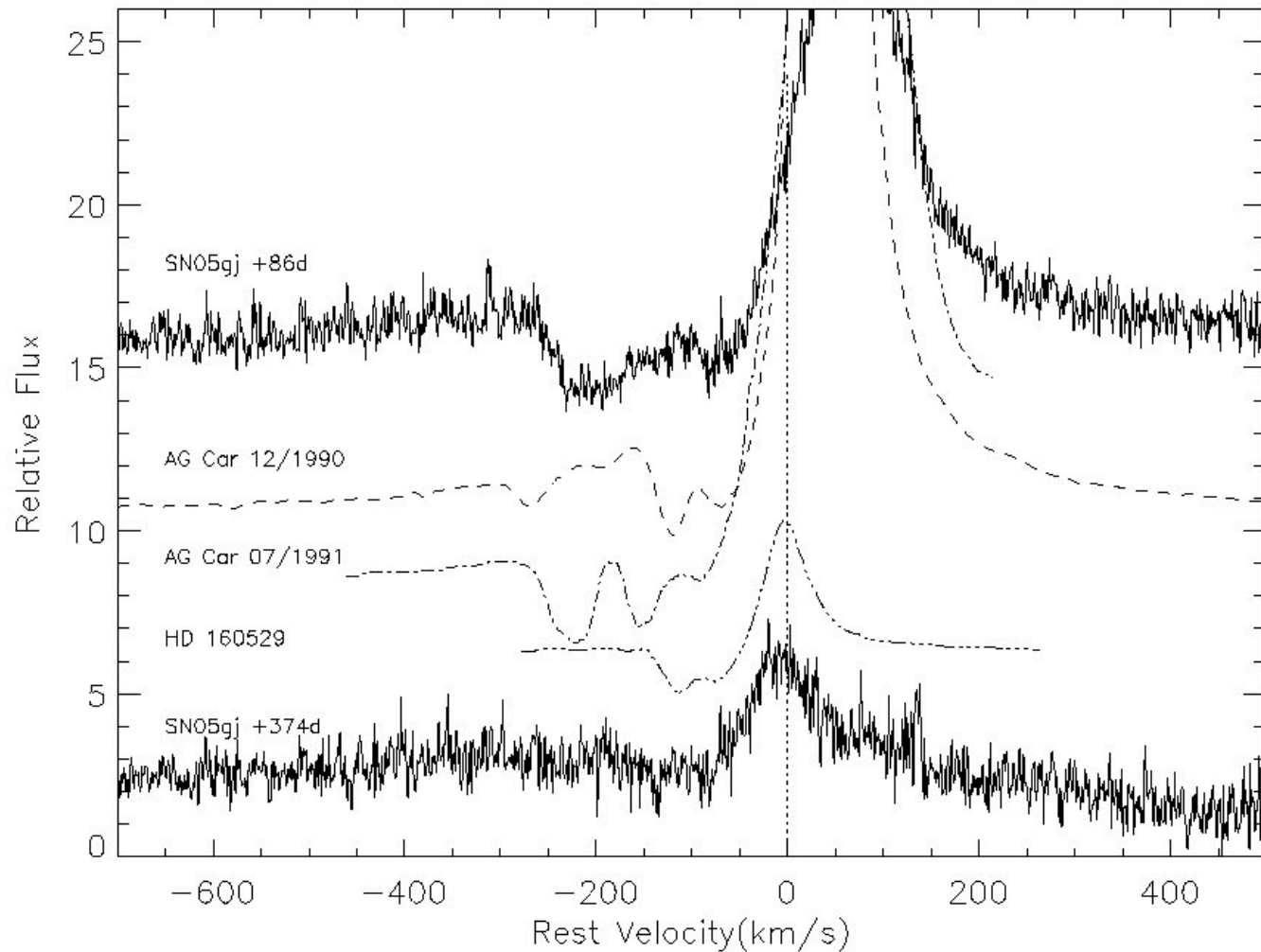
Radio supernova lightcurves



Soderberg et al. (2006)

Kotak & Vink (2006): LBV

Do LBVs explode?

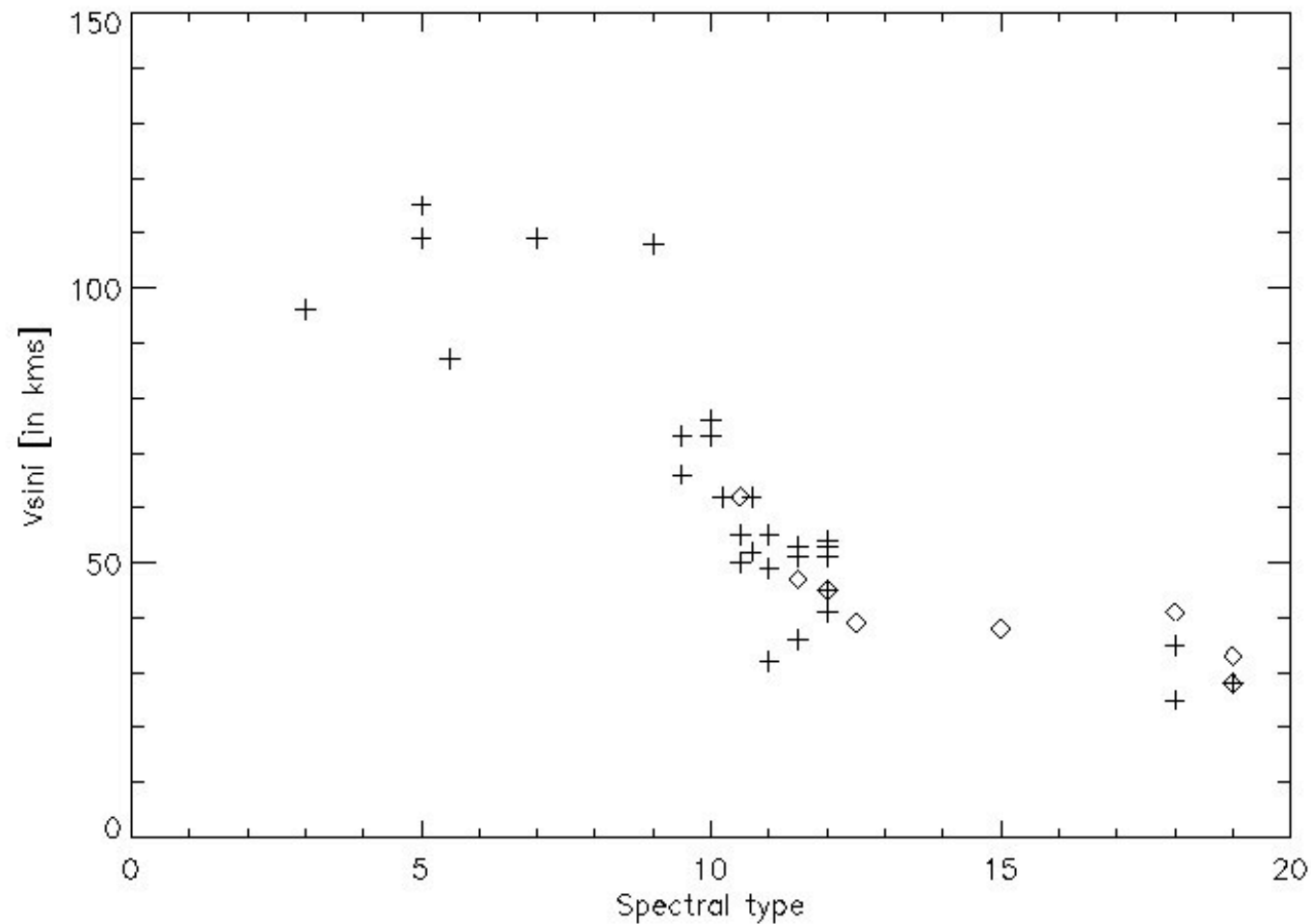


Trundle, Kotak et al. (2008)

Are the LBV winds changing the evolutionary paradigm?

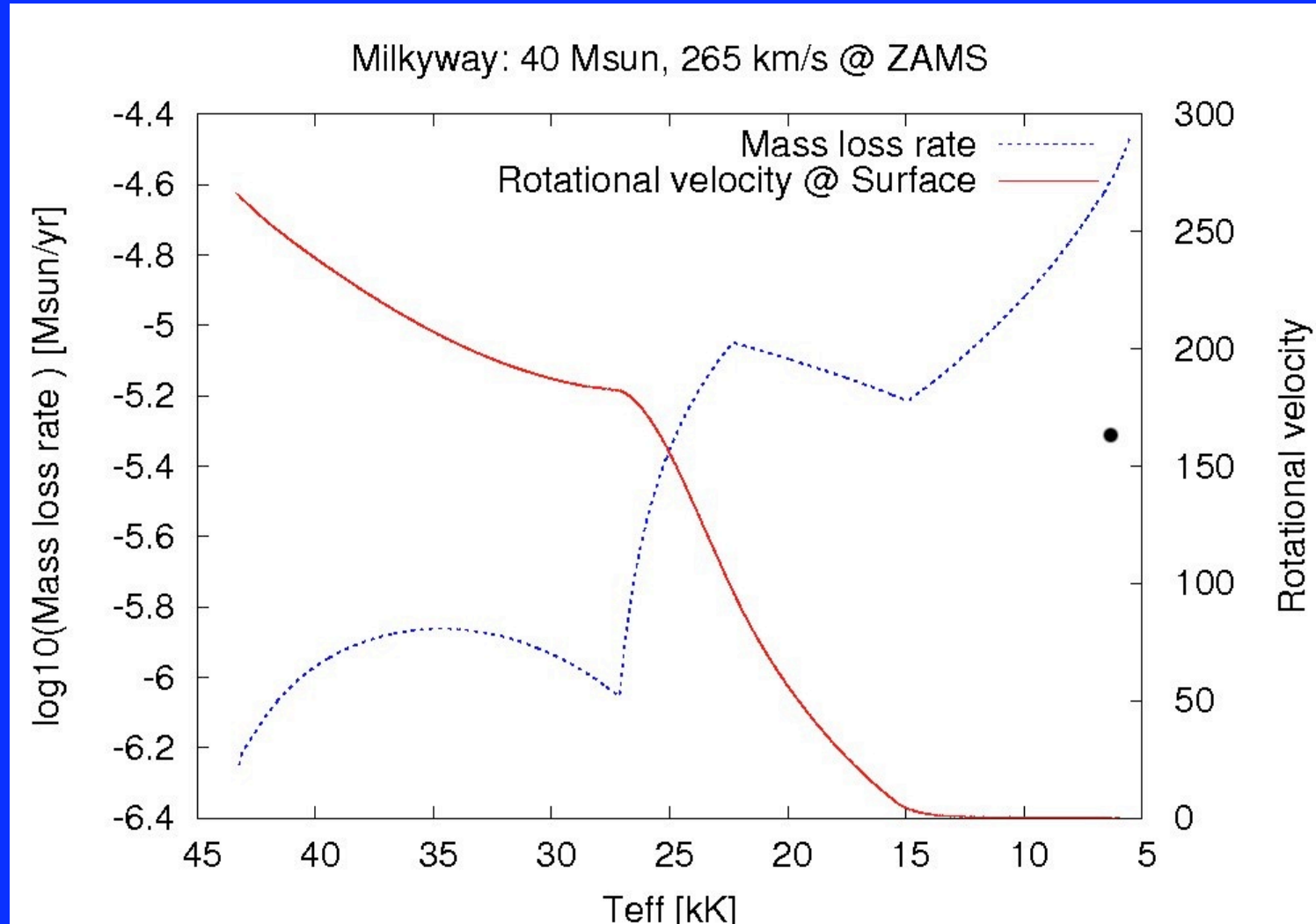
- canonical: $O \rightarrow LBV \rightarrow WR \rightarrow SN$
- suggested: $O \rightarrow LBV \rightarrow SN$

OB rotation rates



Markova & Puls (2008)

Bi-stability braking?



Brott,
Langer

Summary

- Mdot scalings with L & Z
- Monte Carlo + dynamics: $v(r) + \dot{M}$

Bi-Stability Jump:

- LBV variations (SN progenitors?)
- Rotation rates between O and B